

New Delhi, the 6th March 1959

G.S.R. 298.—In pursuance of rule 11 of the Indian Administrative Service (Pay) Rules, 1954, the Central Government, after consultation with the Government of Andhra Pradesh, hereby makes the following amendments in Schedule III appended to the said Rules.

Amendments

In the said Schedule, under the heading "B-Posts carrying pay in the senior time-scale of the Indian Administrative Service under the State Governments including posts carrying special pays in addition to pay in the time-scale" for the entries against Andhra Pradesh the following shall be substituted:—

Secretary(ies) to Government.
 Additional or Joint Secretary(ies) to Government.
 Deputy Secretary(ies) to Government.
 Secretary, Board of Revenue.
 Joint Secretary, Board of Revenue.
 Additional Joint Secretary, Board of Revenue.
 Collector(s).
 Commissioner of Hyderabad Municipal Corporation.
 Deputy Commissioner of Excise.
 Registrar of Co-operative Societies.
 Director of Industries & Commerce.
 Secretary to Governor.
 Sub-collector(s) Grade I.
 Inspector-General of Local Administration.
 Transport Commissioner.
 Director of Social Welfare.
 Director of Settlements, Survey and Land Records.
 Settlement Officer(s), Andhra Pradesh District(s).
 Director of Agriculture.
 Deputy Commissioner(s) of Commercial Taxes.
 Deputy Development Commissioner(s).
 Chief Electoral Officer.
 Commissioner of Labour.

[No. 3/11/59-AIS(II).]

G.S.R. 299.—In pursuance of sub-rule (1) and the first proviso to sub-rule (2), of rule 4 of the Indian Administrative Service (Cadre) Rules, 1954 the Central Government in consultation with the Government of Andhra Pradesh, hereby makes the following amendment in the Indian Administrative Service (Fixation of Cadre Strength) Regulations, 1955.

Amendment

In the Schedule to the said Regulations, for the entries relating to "Andhra Pradesh" the following shall be substituted, namely :—

I. Senior posts under State Government	76
Chief Secretary to Government	1
Members, Board of Revenue	5
Secretaries to Government	9
Additional or Joint Secretaries to Govt.	2
Deputy Secretaries to Government	9
Secretary, Board of Revenue	1
Joint Secretary, Board of Revenue	1
Additional Joint Secretary, Board of Revenue	1
Collectors of Districts	20

Commissioner of Hyderabad Municipal Corporation	1
Dy. Commissioner for Excise	1
Registrar of Co-operative Societies	1
Director of Industries & Commerce	1
Secretary to Governor	1
Sub-Collectors, Grade I.	8
Inspector-General of Local Administration	1
Transport Commissioner	1
Director of Social Welfare	1
Director of Settlements, Survey and Land Records	1
Settlement officers (Andhra Pradesh Districts)	3
Director of Agriculture	1
Deputy Commissioners of Commercial Taxes	2
Deputy Development Commissioners	2
Chief Electoral Officer	1
Commissioner of Labour.	1
	<hr/> 76
2. Senior Posts under Central Government	30
	<hr/> 106
3. Posts to be filled by promotion and selection in accordance with rule 8 of the Indian Administrative Service (Recruitment) Rules, 1954	26
4. Posts to be filled by direct recruitment	80
5. Deputation Reserve @ 15 per cent of 4 above	12
6. Leave Reserve @ 11 per cent of 4 above	9
7. Junior Posts @ 20·60 per cent of 4 above	16
8. Training Reserve @ 10·59 per cent of 4 above	8
Direct Recruitment posts	<hr/> 125
Promotion posts	<hr/> 26
Total Authorised Strength	<hr/> 151

[No. 3/11/59-AIS(II)]

S. NARAYANSWAMY, Dy. Secy,

New Delhi, the 6th March 1959

G.S.R. 300.—Preamble.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 23 of the Suppression of Immoral Traffic in Women and Girls Act, 1956 (104 of 1955), read with notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Home Affairs No. 37/1/57-P.II, dated the 16th April, 1958, the Administrator Laccadive, Minicoy and Amindivi Islands hereby makes the following Rules, namely:

1. **Short title and commencement.**—(1) These rules may be called the Laccadive, Minicoy and Amindivi Islands Suppression of Immoral Traffic in Women and Girls Rules, 1959.

(2) They shall come into force at once.

2. **Definitions.**—In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires—

(a) 'islands' mean the Laccadive, Minicoy and Amindivi Islands.

- (b) 'Administrator' means the Administrator of the Laccadive, Minicoy and Amindivi Islands
- (c) 'Tahsildar' means the Tahsildar of the islands
- (d) 'Amin' means the Amin of the island and shall include a deputy Amin when exercising any power of discharging any duty of an Amin under the Laccadive islands and Minicoy Regulation of 1912 (1 of 1912)
- (e) 'Karani' means the Karani of the island in the Amindivi group of islands.
- (f) 'Magistrate' means the District Magistrate or I Class Magistrate of the Amindivi division in respect of the Amindivi group of islands, and the Administrator, Laccadive, Minicoy and Amindivi islands or the Secretary to the Administrator, in respect of Laccadive islands and Minicoy
- (g) 'Act' means the Suppression of Immoral Traffic in women and girls Act, 1956
- (h) 'Board' means the Board of visitors appointed by the Administrator, Laccadive, Minicoy and Amindivi Islands under Rule 40
- (i) 'Chief Inspector' means the person appointed as such by the Administrator to discharge the functions of the Chief Inspector under these rules
- (j) 'Licence' means a licence granted under Section 21
- (k) 'Form' means a form appended to these rules
- (l) 'Section' means a section of the Act
- (m) 'Superintendent' means the principal officer in charge of a protective home
- (n) The word 'Karnavan' 'Mukthyar' used in these Rules will have the same meaning as used in the Laccadive islands and Minicoy Regulation of 1912 (1 of 1912), and
- (o) 'Moopans' and 'Mukthessor' mean assessors as known by such local names according to the custom of the islands in the Amindivi group of islands

3 Manner of notifying public places.—A copy of every order of the Administrator notifying a place to be a public place under Section 7(1) shall be affixed to a conspicuous part of the public place so notified and also the office of the Administrator, Tahsildar, and the Cutchery of the Amin

4. Placing of girls in safe custody.—(1) Where a responsible and trustworthy person belonging to the same religious persuasion as that of a girl produced before a Magistrate under Sub-section (1) of Section 17 is willing to take charge of the girl, and the Magistrate acting under Sub section (1) or Sub section (2) of that section passes an order placing the girl in the safe custody of that person, such person shall execute before the Magistrate an undertaking in form I

(2) If the person in whose custody the girl is placed is no longer willing to fulfil the conditions of the undertaking, he may apply to the Magistrate for releasing him from the obligation to keep the girl in his custody

5 Detention of women or girl in protective homes.—Where, in pursuance of Sub-section (2) of Section 10, or sub section (2) of Section 17, or Sub section (2) of Section 19, a Magistrate passes an order directing that a woman or girl be detained in a protective home, a warrant of detention in form II shall be prepared in duplicate and shall be forwarded to the Superintendent of the protective home who shall retain one copy and return the other to the Magistrate after making an endorsement therein that the woman or girl referred to in the warrant has been duly taken in his charge

6 Notification of residence etc., by convicted offenders.—(1) A convicted offender who has been ordered by the Court under Section 11 to notify his residence or any change of, or absence from, such residence shall immediately after his release report himself to the police officer available or Amin or Karani of the island, having jurisdiction over his place of residence and shall also leave his correct address with such police officer available, or the Amin or the Karani having jurisdiction once in every month till the expiry of the period for which he is required to notify his residence

(2) When any such offender intends to change his place of residence, he shall intimate his intention to the police officer available, or the Amin or the Karani having jurisdiction over his place of residence and also furnish to him the correct address of the intended place of residence. In every such case, the police officer available or the Amin or the Karani shall send to the officer having jurisdiction over the new place of residence a report of the intended change of residence together with full particulars of the convicted offender.

(3) As soon as the offender takes up his residence in the new place, he shall report himself to the police officer available, or the Amin or the Karani having jurisdiction over that place and shall also report himself to such officer once in every month till the expiry of the period for which he is required to notify his residence.

(4) If for any reason, the offender does not change his place of residence as originally intended, he shall report the fact to the police officer available, or the Amin or the Karani having jurisdiction together with the reasons for such change of intention.

(5) The provisions of sub-rules (2), (3) and (4) shall apply to temporary absence from the place of residence for any period exceeding seven days:

Provided that, in the case of temporary absence, the convicted offender shall again report to the police officer available, or the Amin or the Karani as soon as he returns to the usual place of residence.

(6) Any person who commits a breach of any of the sub-rules (1) to (5) shall be punishable with fine which may extend to two hundred and fifty rupees.

Explanation—in this rule, 'Police Officer' means the officer in charge of a police station.

7. Licensing of protective home.—(1) Application for a licence under Section 21(3) shall be made in Form III to the Administrator.

(2) On receipt of an application for a licence, the Administrator shall cause full and complete investigation to be made through an officer or authority appointed in this behalf before issuing the licence. The said officer or authority before reporting on the application to the Administrator shall record the statements of the applicant or the applicants and the Special Police Officer appointed for the area, if available, or the Tahsildar, Amin, or Karani having jurisdiction. In addition, he may make enquiries from such Karanavans, Moopans or Mukteessors as he may deem necessary. The Administrator, if satisfied, that the applicant or applicants is or are fit person or persons to whom a licence may be granted, may grant a licence in Form IV, which if granted will remain in force for a period of one year.

(3) An application for the renewal of a licence shall be made in Form V atleast sixty days before the date of its expiration:

Provided that the months of June, July, August and September shall be excluded in reckoning such period.

(4) No licence issued or renewed under this Rule shall be transferable.

(5) The management of every licensed home shall, wherever practicable, be entrusted to women.

(6) The licensee shall comply with all the conditions of the licence and the provisions of the Act and the Laccadive, Minicoy and Amindivi Islands Suppression of Immoral Traffic in Women and Girls Rules 1959 and shall maintain all registers and accounts in the manner hereinafter laid and shall submit all statements and returns as prescribed in the Rules

8. Admission into protective homes.—(1) On the admission of a woman or a girl into a protective home under the provisions of the Act, she shall be examined by the Superintendent, who shall record in the Inmate's Register in form VI the particulars required to be shown in that register.

(2) The women or girl admitted into a protective home shall then be supplied with a new set of clothes and the clothes worn by her at the time of admission shall be destroyed, if they are in rags or in filthy and verminous condition. The clothing of every woman and girl to be detained for a period of two years or more shall, if they are not liable to be destroyed, be sold and the proceeds credited to the personal account of the woman or girl. In all other cases, the clothings of a woman or girl shall be returned to the parents, guardians or relatives of the

woman or girl and if it is not possible to do so, shall be washed, tied up in a bundle and stored and returned to the woman or girl on her discharge. She shall also be given a bath, which shall be of a disinfecting nature.

(3) The Superintendent or some other official of the protective home considered suitable by such superintendent, shall then take the woman or girl to the local Government dispensary for examination. If there is no dispensary in the island, the medical examination of the woman or girl shall be conducted by the doctor of the nearest island dispensary.

(4) Women or girls found to be suffering from any venereal disease shall be kept, as far as possible, separate from the other inmates of the protective home. Women or girls suffering from minor ailments shall be treated by the Medical Officer of the protective home, if available or by the Medical Officer of the Government dispensary on the island. If any woman or girl is suffering from serious illness, she shall be taken to the Medical Officer of the Government dispensary having jurisdiction for admission and a report shall immediately be sent to the Administrator and the Tahsildar having jurisdiction. A copy of the report shall be simultaneously sent to the Chief Inspector.

9. Admission of children accompanying inmates into protective homes.—(1) A child below seven years of age in the care of its mother who is detained or ordered to be kept in the protective home may also be admitted to the home along with her, if it cannot be placed with its relatives or otherwise properly provided for. If any question arises as to whether a child is below seven years of age or not, such question shall be determined by the Superintendent.

(2) A child born in the home after the admission of the inmates into the protective home may remain with her.

(3) No child shall be kept in the protective home if it has completed the age of seven years. On a child completing such age, the Superintendent shall intimate the fact to the Chief Inspector, with a view to his making arrangements, if possible, to place the child with its relatives.

(4) A child kept in the protective home shall be allowed such diet and clothing as the Medical Officer attached to the home, if one is available, or the Medical Officer having jurisdiction, may think fit.

10. History ticket.—A record hereinafter referred to as history ticket shall be maintained in respect of each inmate in Form VII.

11. Medical Examination.—Every inmate shall be medically examined and weighed once in every month and the result of such examination and weightment shall be recorded in the history ticket of the inmate. A statement in Form VIII shall be submitted before the 10th of every month to the Chief Inspector showing the weightment statistics of the protective home.

12. Strength of establishment of protective homes.—The strength of the establishment including medical officer of each protective home, if one is available, whether established or licensed by the Administrator shall be determined by the Administrator from time to time in consultation with the Chief Inspector. The Administrator, in consultation with the Chief Inspector, may also assign duties to them. Necessary arrangements for medical aid of the inmates shall be made by the Administrator in consultation with the Chief Inspector.

13. Superintendents.—The Superintendent shall generally be responsible for the observance of all rules and orders, the supervision of the subordinate staff and the maintenance of discipline among the inmates. He/She shall, in his/her own handwriting, maintain an office journal in which shall be recorded daily, every occurrence of importance connected with the management of the homes, which is not otherwise disposed of in the registers of correspondence and which it is desirable to note for future guidance. The journal shall be forwarded to the Tahsildar at the end of each month, who shall immediately return it after perusal with such remarks as he may consider necessary.

14. Duties of Superintendents.—The following duties, in addition to other duties assigned by the Administrator from time to time, appertain to the Superintendents.

(i) The Superintendent shall be in charge of general supervision and sanitation of the home and the health of inmates.

(ii) The Superintendent shall be responsible for the discipline of the subordinate staff.

- (iii) The Superintendent shall be in charge of maintaining general accounts, disbursing bills, custody of jewellery, cash and other belongings of the inmates.
- (iv) The Superintendent shall be in charge of office correspondence, interviews with visitors and showing them round the home.
- (v) The Superintendent shall arrange meetings of the Board of Visitors and submit immediately the reports of the meetings to the Chief Inspector and the Tahsildar having jurisdiction.
- (vi) The Superintendent shall make surprise inspection of provision stores at least once a month, shall visit the home at uncertain hours and check that everything is in order.
- (vii) The Superintendent shall be responsible for submitting statements and returns as may be prescribed by the Administrator in consultation with the Chief Inspector and the Tahsildar having jurisdiction from time to time.
- (viii) The Superintendent may grant casual leave to the subordinate staff.
- (ix) The Superintendent shall visit the home at nights at least twice a month at uncertain intervals.
- (x) The Superintendent shall be responsible for the purchase of provisions and by informing himself/herself of the current bazaar rates shall satisfy himself/herself that the full amount of food is purchased and the rates are reasonable. He/She shall also see the rations weighed and served out to the cooks, and shall, with the medical officer, if one is available, inspect the food daily, when it is cooked and ready for distribution, to make sure that it is properly cooked and that the full quantity reaches the inmates. The result of the Superintendent's inspection of food shall be noted in the office journal.
- (xi) The Superintendent shall be responsible for all the property of the protective home and all money and stores received.

15. Weekly inspections.—(1) On one morning in every week, which shall usually be Monday, the Superintendent shall hold an inspection parade of all the inmates at which the Medical Officer of the home, if one is available, shall also be present. At each such parade, the Superintendent shall satisfy himself/herself

- (a) that every inmate is provided with proper clothing and beddings;
- (b) that they are clean and tidy; and
- (c) that the rules and orders applicable to inmates are being duly carried out.

(2) The Superintendent shall, at every such parade, hear and enquire into any complaints and requests that the inmates may wish to make. It shall be his/her duty to hear the complaints and requests of inmates patiently and to afford them reasonable facilities for making such complaints and requests.

(3) Nothing in this rule shall debar any inmate from making a complaint or request to the Superintendent at other times than at weekly parade, and it shall be the duty of every member of the staff to produce before the Superintendent without delay any inmate desiring to see him/her.

16. Documents to be kept in the personal custody of the Superintendent.—The following documents should be kept in the personal custody of the Superintendent.

- (a) Contract agreement bonds.
- (b) Contractors' and subordinates' security deposit receipts or Post Office savings bank account books, if any, and Post Office cash certificates, if any.
- (c) Personal files, service books and character rolls of the staff.

17. Previous sanction required to leave station by Superintendents.—Without the written sanction of the Chief Inspector or the Tahsildar having jurisdiction the Superintendent shall, on no account, absent himself/herself from the station.

18. Office order book.—The Superintendent shall maintain an order book for the protective home in which he/she shall record all standing orders issued to his/her subordinates from time to time. He/She shall by an order allot the various duties to his/her subordinates and may, by a subsequent order, vary such allotments.

19. Duties of the Medical Officers of Protective homes.—(1) In addition to such other duties as may be assigned to the Medical Officer of a protective home, if one is available, by the Administrator from time to time in consultation with the Chief Inspector or the Tahsildar having jurisdiction, the Medical Officer shall visit the protective home every day except on Sundays and other holidays; on Sundays and holidays also, when necessary. He/she shall attend to the health and cleanliness of the inmates, the treatment of the sick, the sanitation of the protective home, general inspection and supervision of food and all other matters connected directly or indirectly with the health of the staff and inmates of the home.

(2) On each such visit to the protective home, the Medical Officer shall enter his/her remarks in the register in form IX.

(3) The Medical Officer shall accompany the Chief Inspector during his/her inspection of the protective home.

(4) During the absence of the Superintendent on short leave (other than casual leave) or during a vacancy in the post of the Superintendent, for a short period, the Medical Officer, with the previous approval of the Chief Inspector, or the Tahsildar having jurisdiction may act as the Superintendent in addition to his/her own duties. In the event of there being no medical officer on the islands, the Tahsildar may make such other arrangement as he deem fit.

20. Educational and vocational training of the inmates of protective homes.—(1) Provision may be made for general education in all protective homes. Besides general education, each protective home shall, as far as possible, provide for the vocational training of the inmates, the wishes of each inmate being consulted, as far as possible as to the particular training she shall undergo. Suitable employment, which shall include house-work, sewing, weaving, spinning and the like may be provided.

All courses of training shall be approved by the Chief Inspector.

(2) Teachers shall be engaged for imparting general education and instructors appointed for giving vocational training to the inmates. In an emergency, the Superintendent may direct such teachers and instructors to attend to executive or administrative duties.

21. Daily routine of protective homes.—The following daily routine shall be observed in the protective homes :—

5-30 a. m. to 6-30 a. m. in warm months and	}	Visit to the latrines ablutions bath and toilet.
6-30 a. m. to 7-30 a. m. in the colder months.		
7-30 a. m. to 7-45 a. m.	.	Morning prayers.
7-45 a. m. to 8-15 a. m.	.	Breakfast.
8-15 a. m. to 8-30 a. m.	.	Washing personal clothes.
10 a. m. to 1 p. m.	.	School or workshop.
1 p. m. to 2 p. m.	.	Lunch and rest.
2 p. m. to 4-30 p. m.	.	Needle work and handicrafts or workshops.
4-30 p. m. to 6-30 p. m.	.	Games, gardening and bath.
6-30 p. m. to 6-45 p. m.	.	Evening prayer.
6-45 p. m. to 7-30 p. m.	.	Night meal.
7-30 p. m. to 9-30 p. m.	.	Study or reading.

NOTE.—Daily routine may be suitably modified on Sundays and other holidays. Saturdays shall be observed as half holidays.

22. Diet of inmates protective homes.—All inmates of a protective home shall have diet in accordance with the following scale and instructions.

NOTE.—The scale is to be fixed by the Administrator who may also give necessary instructions.

I. *Scale of diet*

Sl. No.	Name of article	Quantity per head per day
1	Rice	12 oz.
2	Dhall	1½ oz.
3	Mutton or fish	2 oz.
4	Onion	1/4 oz.
5	Jaggery	1½ oz.
6	Tamarind	½ oz.
7	Coriander	1/8 oz.
8	Chillie	1/8 oz.
9	Salt	3/4 oz.
10	Vegetables	5 oz.
11	Gingelly oil	½ oz.
12	Coconut oil	1/4 oz.
13	Ghee	1/4 oz.
14	Tea	1/10 oz.
15	Milk powder	2 oz.
16	Coffee	1/12 oz.
17	Garlic	12½ grains
18	Coconut	1/4 oz.
19	Appalams	2 Nos.
20	Seeragam	3 grains
21	Mustard	3 grains
22	Vendayam	3 grains
23	Turmeric	3 grains
24	Pepper	3 grains
25	Fuel	1½ lbs.

II. *Instructions*

(1) The actual food supplied may vary within the cost of the standard scale at tender rates.

(2) Eggs may be substituted for fish once a week under the orders of the Superintendent provided that there is no extra cost on that account.

23. **Supply of clothing etc. to inmates of protective homes.**—(1) Each inmate shall be supplied with a wooden box, an unbreakable plate, tumbler and a mirror.

(2) Clothing and bedding to inmates shall be supplied on the following scale.

Name of article	Scale of supply per head
Dhoties (lungis)	2
Blouses (Kuthas with long sleeves)	3
Underwear (according to custom of island)	2
Towels	2
Sanitary cloth	2 yds.
Carpets	1
Pillow	1
Pillow cases	2
Bed sheet	1
Wooden combs	2
Long gown (in the case of Minicoy women)	2
made of libbas	2

One year

Two years

One year

One year

(3) Every inmate shall be given for the purpose of washing clothes half a bar of washing soap per month and for bathing purposes half a cake of toilet soap per month. Every inmate shall also be provided with four drams of oil daily for dressing of hair and half an ounce of oil once a week for oil bath. A sufficient number of mirrors shall be placed in each dormitory.

24. **Living space for inmates of protective homes.**—Every inmate shall have a separate bed with a floor space of not less than 8' 5' per bed. A place shall be allotted for every inmate in the dormitory.

25. **Libraries for protective homes.**—Every protective home shall be provided with a library of suitable books with a catalogue. The choice of books shall be made by the Superintendent and approved by the Chief Inspector, who will be responsible for the suitability of the books chosen.

26. **Attendance of the inmates of protective homes before police or Tahsildar, Amin, Karani.**—Any inmate whose attendance is required before the police, Tahsildar, Amin or Karani or before a court on the islands shall be permitted to leave the protective home for the purpose, only on receipt of a written requisition signed by the Administrator or the Tahsildar having jurisdiction, or of a summons issued by the Court of competent jurisdiction. The inmate shall in such cases be accompanied by the Superintendent or by any other member of the staff considered suitable by the Superintendent.

27. **Escape and recapture of inmates of protective homes.**—(1) The Superintendent shall give immediate notice of the escape or re-capture of any inmate of the home to—

- (a) the Administrator;
- (b) the Chief Inspector;
- (c) the nearest police station;
- (d) the Tahsildar; and
- (e) the Amin or the Karani.

(2) On receipt of a notice of escape under Sub rule (1), the Officer-in-charge of the police station, Amin or Karani shall take necessary steps to re-capture the inmate and to bring her back to the home from which she escaped.

28. **Death of inmates of protective homes.**—In case of death of any of the inmates, the Superintendent shall immediately report the circumstances of the case to the nearest Magistrate, the Chief Inspector, the Officer-in-charge of the Police Station, Tahsildar having jurisdiction and the Amin or the Karani. Copies of the reports shall also be sent to the parents or guardians, or relatives, as the case may be, of the inmates.

29. **Transfer of inmates.**—(1) The Chief Inspector may, for any of the following reasons, to be recorded in writing, order the transfer of an inmate detained in a protective home to any other protective home—

- (a) when the transfer is for the welfare of the inmate or is in the interest of discipline;
- (b) when there is no accommodation in the protective home;
- (c) for any other special reasons.

(2) The Superintendent shall, before effecting such transfer, satisfy himself/herself that the inmate to be transferred is in a fit state of health to undergo the transfer.

(3) The inmate shall be escorted by a woman employee of the protective home considered suitable for the purpose by the Superintendent of the home. The Superintendent may, if necessary, take the assistance of the police officer of the area, if available.

(4) All the records and personal property if any, relating to the inmate transferred shall be handed over to the escort to be delivered to the Superintendent of the protective home to which the inmate is transferred.

(5) The Superintendent of the home to which the inmate is transferred shall, on the arrival of the inmate and after due verification acknowledge the correct receipt of the documents and property.

(6) The total period of detention or stay of an inmate ordered by the court shall on no account be increased by any transfer under sub-rule (1).

30. Visits to and communications with the inmates of protective home.—(1) No inmate shall be allowed to see visitors or receive letters without the express permission of the Superintendent and no male visitor shall be permitted to interview any of the inmates except in the presence of the Superintendent or any other member of the staff of the home so authorised by the Superintendent in this behalf.

(2) Every inmate newly admitted to a protective home shall be allowed reasonable facilities for seeing or communicating with her relatives, friends or Mukthiyars with a view to the preparation of an appeal.

(3) Parents and guardians may visit inmates of a protective home on Saturdays and Sundays between 4 p.m. and 6 p.m. For very urgent reasons, visitors may be allowed on other days and at other times with the special permission of the Superintendent. The privilege of receiving visitors may be refused on the orders of the Superintendent as a punishment for misconduct by the inmate, or if it is used to introduce any prohibited article into the home or if the parent or guardian has or is likely to have, in the opinion of the Superintendent, a bad influence on an inmate or inmates or for any other sufficient cause. The Superintendent shall record his/her reasons for such refusal in the official journal.

(4) Every inmate shall be allowed to write or receive a letter once a month during the period of her detention or stay in the home, subject to the condition of good conduct.

(5) If the address of the parents or guardians is known, they shall be given notice of any serious illness of the inmate and the Superintendent shall answer any reasonable enquiries made by the parents or guardians.

(6) Inmates shall be allowed, if they so desire, special letter in order to inform the parents or guardians of their transfer from one protective home to another. This shall not be counted as a letter for the purpose of sub rule (4).

(7) No letter shall be delivered to or sent by an inmate unless the Superintendent has satisfied himself/herself that its transmission is unobjectionable.

(8) The Superintendent may at his/her discretion grant interviews or allow the despatch or receipt of letters at short intervals than those provided in sub-rule (4) in spite of the inmates' misconduct, if he/she considers that special or urgent grounds exist for such concession.

(9) A register shall be maintained by the Superintendent for recording the visits of parents or guardians of the inmates of the home. Cases of refusal to permit visits shall be recorded in this register with reasons.

(10) A register of correspondence between the inmates and their parents and guardians shall be maintained.

31. Permission to inmates to absent themselves for short periods from protective homes.—With the previous sanction of the Tahsildar and in very special cases, the Superintendent may grant to any inmate leave of absence for a period not exceeding a week on the death of the parent or guardian or to visit the parent or guardian who is seriously ill. The Tahsildar may extend the leave granted, by a period not exceeding two weeks. The leave granted may at any time be cancelled without assigning any reasons and the inmate recalled.

32. Discipline and punishment.—The following acts are forbidden in a protective home and every inmate who wilfully commits any of them shall be deemed to have wilfully disobeyed the regulations of the protective home:—

- (a) quarrelling with any other inmate,
- (b) any assault or use of criminal force,
- (c) use of insulting, obscene or threatening language,
- (d) immoral or indecent or disorderly behaviour,
- (e) wilfully disabling herself for labour,
- (f) contumaciously refusing to work,
- (g) wilful idleness and negligence at work,
- (h) wilful damage to the home property,
- (i) wilful mismanagement of work,

- (j) tampering with or defacing history tickets,
 - (k) receiving, possessing or transferring any prohibited articles,
 - (l) feigning illness,
 - (m) wilfully bringing a false accusation against any officer or inmate,
 - (n) omitting or refusing to report as soon as it comes to her knowledge, the occurrence of any fire, any plot or conspiracy, any escape, attempt or preparation to escape or any attack or preparation for attack upon any inmate or official of the home,
 - (o) conspiring to escape or to assist in escaping,
 - (p) answering untruthfully any question put by an officer of the home or a visitor,
 - (q) refusing to eat food or wilfully destroying food,
 - (r) committing a nuisance in any part of the home.
- (2) The Superintendent may award any of the following punishments for the act or acts specified in Sub-rule (1).—
- (a) deprivation of play hours;
 - (b) temporary cessation of visits from parents or guardian; and
 - (c) change to labour of severe nature for a period not exceeding three months.
- (3) A Punishment book shall be maintained by the Superintendent, who shall record full particulars of the punishments inflicted by him/her together with the nature of offences, the names of the offenders and the number of previous punishments awarded to them.
- (4) An extract from the Punishment Book shall be sent by the Superintendent to the Chief Inspector and the Tahsildar before the 10th of every month.
- 33. Prohibited articles.**—Liquor, intoxicating drugs, including opium and Ganja shall be the prohibited articles and shall not be introduced, received, possessed or transferred in the protective home.
- 34. Treatment of mental cases.**—When an inmate of a protective home is sent to a Government Mental Hospital for observation or treatment, action shall be taken by the Superintendent to obtain a petition from her husband, or where there is no husband, from her nearest relative, and the petition shall contain a statement of the reasons why it is not so presented and the connection of the petitioner with the inmate, and the circumstances under which he presents the petition.
- 35. Removal to civil hospitals for treatment.**—(1) Whenever the Medical Officer of a protective home considers it necessary to remove an inmate to a Government hospital or dispensary available on the island for treatment as an indoor patient, he shall draw up a full statement of the case and forward the same to the Superintendent, who shall forthwith cause the inmate concerned to be sent to the hospital temporarily.
- (2) The inmate shall immediately proceed under escort to the hospital or dispensary and present herself to the officer-in-charge of the hospital or dispensary.
- (3) The inmate shall be an indoor patient in the hospital and shall not leave it until formally discharged therefrom.
- (4) The authorities of the hospital or dispensary shall give intimation to the Superintendent concerned before discharging the inmate from the hospital. On receipt of intimation, the Superintendent shall arrange for a escort to fetch the inmate. All expenses, such as conveyance charges and other allowances necessary for the inmate and the escort shall be given to the escort so arranged by the Superintendent. Such charges shall also be paid to the escort while removing the inmate from the protective home to the hospital.
- (5) When an inmate is removed for treatment to a Government hospital or dispensary, no charges shall be made against the protective home for the treatment and diet given to the inmate in the hospital or dispensary.

36 Period spent in hospital—When an inmate is sent to a Government Mental Hospital or as an indoor patient to a Civil Hospital the period spent by her in such hospitals and in going there and return therefrom shall be deemed to be part of the period of her detention or stay in the protective home

37 Discharge of inmates of protective homes.—(1) The Administrator may at any time order an inmate of a protective home to be discharged either absolutely or on such conditions as he approves. In the event of a breach of any such conditions, the inmates shall be liable to be arrested and brought back to the Home

(2) The Superintendent shall at the end of each month prepare a statement of inmates who have to be discharged in the subsequent month and read out the statement to the inmates.

(3) On the day of discharge, the inmate's state of health shall be recorded by the Superintendent in the Inmates' Register. He/she shall compare the entries in the warrant of committal with those in the Register and shall satisfy himself/herself that they agree and that the term of the inmate has been duly served. He/she shall then sign the endorsement for discharge on the warrant, certifying to the due expiry of the term. The belongings of the inmate shall be handed over to her and the details recorded in the appropriate column in the Inmates' Register. The inmate shall be given food for the day before she is discharged. The inmate shall if necessary be provided with suitable clothing.

(4) The Administrator may at any time order suitable inmates of the protective homes to be admitted into Homes established under the After care Programmes of the Central Government, if any, on any of the islands.

(5) A disposal register in Form X shall be kept in every Protective Home in which full particulars shall be entered of the manner in which every inmate is disposed of on discharge and of her after-care. Every effort shall be made by the Superintendent to keep in touch with the inmates for at least three years after their discharge.

(6) An annual return in Form XI shall be made by the Superintendent to the Chief Inspector and the Tahsildar having jurisdiction. The remarks made by the Board of Visitors from time to time during the year to which the return relates shall also be communicated to the Chief Inspector and the Tahsildar with the return.

38 Marriage of inmates of protective homes—(1) The Superintendent may, if possible, arrange for the marriage of an inmate with a man of her own religion provided that her previous consent in writing and that of her parent or guardian, if, she has not attained the age of 18 years, is obtained and provided that no monetary consideration is accepted from the person to whom the inmate is married or from any person interested in him. In case there is no parent or guardian living, the consent of the nearest relation should be obtained. The wishes of the inmate shall in every case be considered.

(2) No such marriage shall be performed without the permission of the Administrator.

39 Chief Inspector of protective homes—(1) The Administrator, shall appoint a Chief Inspector for all the Protective Homes in the Laccadive Minicoy and Amindivi Islands.

(2) Among other duties assigned to him by the Administrator from time to time, the following duties shall appertain to the Chief Inspector:

- (a) He/she shall superintend and control the working of the Laccadive, Minicoy and Amindivi Suppression of Immoral Traffic in Women and Girls Rules 1959.
- (b) He/ she shall have general control over the staff in all protective homes in the Laccadive Minicoy and Amindivi Islands.
- (c) He/she shall inspect all Protective Homes whether established or licensed by the Administrator, at least once a year and submit his/her inspection reports to the Administrator.

40. Board of Visitors.—(1) The Administrator may appoint for any one island a Board of visitors consisting of Karanavans, Moopans, Mukteessors as the case may be, to visit once a month the Protective Home situated within such island and to comment and advise on matters affecting the administration of such Protective Homes.

(2) The Administrator may appoint to Board of Visitors to work as its members such officials and non-officials as he may deem necessary, the total number being not less than three and not more than seven, one of whom shall be nominated as President. Non-Official members may include experienced social welfare workers, particularly women social welfare workers, in the field of suppression of immoral traffic in women and girls.

(3) A non-official member shall hold office for 2 years from the date of his/her appointment and shall be eligible for re-appointment.

(4) It shall be the duty of the Board.

(a) to enquire into and see that the arrangements in the Protective Homes are proper in all respects;

(b) to examine the medical admission and disposal registers and any other connected records;

(c) to see that no inmate is illegally detained in a Home;

(d) to bring any special cases to the notice of the Chief Inspector;

(e) to interview new admissions since the last meeting and to hear any representations that the inmates may desire to make; and

(f) to carry out any other duties which may be assigned to the Board from time to time by the Administrator.

(5) The Board shall hold a formal meeting once in every three months. The meeting shall be held in the Protective Home or if there are two or more Protective Homes in any area, in each Home by rotation. The Superintendent of the Protective Home in which the meeting is held shall be Secretary of the Board for the meeting.

(6) No business shall be transacted at the meeting of a Board unless at least three members are present.

(7) The President shall preside at every meeting of the Board at which he/she is present. If the President is absent from any meeting, the Members present shall elect one of the Members to preside over the meeting and the Member so elected shall at that time exercise all the powers of the President.

(8) The President of the Board shall fix the date and hour of the meeting and a week before the date so fixed, a notice thereof, together with an abstract of any special matters to be considered, shall be furnished to the members by the Secretary of the Board.

(9) The minutes of each meeting shall be approved by the President and sent by the Superintendent of the Protective Homes in which the meeting is held to the Chief Inspector and the Tahsildar with his/her remarks.

(10) The Superintendent of each Home shall bring to the notice of the Tahsildar all cases of failure on the part of any member to attend a meeting. The Tahsildar shall keep a record of such cases of absence and shall, when any non-official member's attendance is markedly irregular, bring the facts to the notice of the Chief Inspector and the Administrator. The Administrator may, if he thinks fit, remove such member from office.

(11) The Superintendent shall be advised by the resolutions of the Board in the management of the Homes, provided that if, in the opinion of the Superintendent, it would be inconsistent with the Act, or these Rules, or inexpedient to give effect to any such resolution, he/she shall submit the resolution for the orders of the Chief Inspector and inmate to the President of the Board the fact of his/her having done so. The order of the Chief Inspector shall be final. It will however be subject to review by the Administrator who may confirm, rescind or modify such order.

41. Visitor's book.—The Superintendent shall cause a visitors Book to be maintained at the Protective Home. A copy of the remarks of a visitor recorded in the Visitor's book shall be submitted by the Superintendent to the Tahsildar soon after the remarks are recorded by the visitor.

42. **Annual returns.**—The Superintendent shall submit to the Chief Inspector a report on the administration of his/her Protective Home for the previous year, not later than the 15th April of each year (in the form prescribed by the Administrator). The Chief Inspector shall send annually to the Administrator in the first week of June each year a report on the working of these rules together with his remarks, if any.

43. **Forms.**—(In addition to the forms already prescribed and annexed hereto, the Administrator may include in the body of the rules, the manner in which the accounts of a Protective Home shall be maintained and audited and the registers and statements required for the same and prescribe their forms. Similarly forms of other registers to be kept under the Rules and any other registers may also be included).

44. **Punishment for breach of rules.**—Any person who commits a breach of Rule 6 or 33 of these Rules, shall, on conviction by a Magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to two hundred and fifty rupees.

FORM I

Form of undertaking
(See rule 4)

In the Court of the

Magistrate

I
of do hereby declare that I am willing to
take charge of aged under the orders of
the Court, subject to the following terms and conditions:

(i) I shall do my best for the welfare of the girl as long as she remains in my charge and shall make proper provision for her maintenance.

(ii) If the girl's conduct is unsatisfactory, I shall at once inform the Court.

(iii) In the event of the girl's illness, she shall have proper medical attention in the nearest hospital.

(iv) The Girl should be free to follow the observances of her own religion.

(v) I undertake to produce her before the Court when so required.

FORM II

(See rule 5)

Warrant of commitment to a protective home in the Court of

To the Superintendent of the Protective Home at whereas
Particulars of whom are furnished below has been ordered by me to be detained
in a protective home for a period of from
to under sub-section (2) of section 10/
sub-section (2) of section 17/sub-section (2) of section 19 of the Suppression of
Immoral Traffic in Women and Girls Act, 1956 (104 of 1956).

This is to authorise and require you the said Superintendent to receive the
said into your custody together with this
warrant and there to detain her for the period referred to above in accordance with
the Suppression of Immoral Traffic in Women and Girls (L.M. & A. Islands) Rules
1959, and to return this warrant with an endorsement certifying the manner of its
execution.

Particulars

1. Name of the Woman or girl.
2. Age.
3. Religion.
4. Marks of identification.
5. Offence charged.
6. Offence for which convicted.
7. Sentence passed.
8. Date of Sentence.
9. Period of detention.

Given under my hand and seal of the Court, this day of
..... 195

FORM III

Form of Application for Licence

[See rule 7(i)]

1. Full name of the applicant or association (if registered) a copy of the registration certificate and particulars of all members of the association shall be given.
2. Religion.
3. Residence (town or village).
Police Station.
District.
(Note:—In case of association, particulars regarding items 2 and 3 be mentioned in respect of each member).
4. Name of the Institution.
5. Aims and objects of the Institution.
6. Details about the financial condition of the institution, funds, property and sources of income.
7. Arrangements made or proposed to be made for boarding and lodging. Also details of the building, whether owned by the Institution or rented.
8. Arrangements in respect of general health of inmates and facilities for their medical treatment and arrangements proposed to be made for the education and vocational and normal training designed to make them fit for rehabilitation in life as normal citizens.
9. Full address of the proposed Institution including the name of the city or town and the locality.
10. If any such application has been made previously, please state its result together with its date, month and year.
11. If the institution exists at present, the date of its commencement, annual reports of its working if proposed or its working to date.
12. Number and particulars of inmates at the time of opening the Institution.
13. Maximum number of accommodation for children and women.
14. Any other particulars.

I/We hereby solemnly affirm that the above and annexed particulars are true according to my/our best knowledge and belief.

Signature (S) with date and place
and name in block letters.

FORM IV

Licence

[See rule 7(2)].

Sl. of Licence	Name and full address of the protective home	Name and full description and residence of licence	Name in full of the Manager of Protective Home	Particulars of services to be rendered by the Institution	Restrictions as to number of inmates	Date of expiry of licence	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8

Conditions

1. This licence is granted subject to all the provisions of the *Suppression of Immoral Traffic in Women and Girls Act, 1956 (No. 104 of 1956) and the (L. M. & A. Islands) Suppression of Immoral Traffic in Women and Girls Rules 1959.*
2. The licensee shall affix on a conspicuous part of the protective Home a sign board which shall be painted in large letters in English and Hindi the name of the Protective Home.
3. The licence shall not be transferable.
4. The licence shall remain in force for a period of one year from the date of issue.

FORM V.

Form of Application for renewal of Licence

[See rule 7(3)]

1. Full name of the Applicant or Association (if registered a copy of the registration certificate and particulars of all members of the Association should be given).
2. Religion.
3. Residence (town or village).
Police Station.
District.
4. Name of the institution.
5. Licence number of year.
6. Any other particulars.

Signature (S) with date and place
and names in block letters.

FORM VI

The Inmates' Register

[See Rule 8(1)]

(Name of the Protective Home)

1. Name of the Inmate.
2. Father's name or husband's name (in the case of a married women or girl).
3. Age.
4. Caste or religion, previous occupation, if any.
5. Previous place of settled residence, if any (town or village) Taluk and District.
6. Height.
7. Weight on admission.
8. Marks of identification.
9. General health.
10. Ability to do any skilled work.
11. Calendar number of the case, and sentencing authority.
12. Period and date of order of committal.
13. Date of admission.
14. Date of expiry of period of detention or transfer to another home
15. Labour on which employed.
16. Particulars and value of property *delivered with or found on the inmate on admission, or subsequently received on her account with signature or left thumb-print in acknowledgement of correctness on each such occasion and on disposal.*
17. Initials of Superintendent (with dates) in token of having received the property into his/her charge.

18. Remarks showing how the inmate has been disposed of after expiry of the period of detention or transfer. Initials of the Superintendent in token of the accuracy of the entries.

19. State of health and weight on the date of discharge.

NOTE.—Particulars about health should be entered by the Medical Officer.

FORM VII

History Ticket

(See Rule 10)

1. Name of Protective Home.
- 1-A. Date of Admission.
2. Date of expiry of the period of detention.
3. Serial number in the Inmates' Register.
4. Name.
5. Age.
6. Height.
7. Weight on admission.
8. Diet.
9. Nature of labour on which employed.
10. State of Health on admission.
11. Remarks (Punishment awarded, etc.).
12. Results of monthly medical examination and weighment.

Date: State of Health. Remarks and initials of the Superintendent.

NOTE.—Particulars about health should be entered by the Medical Officer.

FORM VIII

(See Rule 11)

Statement showing the gain or loss in weight of inmates in
for the month of.....*

Name of Protective Home	Total No. of Inmates weighed	No. of inmates lost weight	No. of inmates gained weight	No. of inmates whose weights have not changed	Average gain in weight
1	2	3	4	5	6

*-Here enter the name of the Protective Home.

FORM IX

Medical Officer's Journal

[See Rule 19(2)]

(Name of the Protective Home)

Month and date	Observations for direction of the Medical Officer	Remarks of the Superin- tendent.
----------------	--	-------------------------------------

FORM X

Disposal Register

[See Rule 38(6)]

(Name of the Protective Home)

1. Serial number.
2. Name of girl or woman.
3. Age.
4. Caste, religion and language.
5. Conduct.
6. Attainment.
7. Health.
8. Medical treatment
9. Date of leaving.
10. Duration of stay.
11. Remarks.
12. Signature of Superintendent.

FORM XI

Number of persons discharged during the year

[See Rule 38(7)]

District

Taluk

Town or Village

1. Name of the Protective Home.
2. Number of Girls/Women discharged during the year.

Station

Date.

Superintendent of Protective Home.

[No. F. 37/7/58-PIL.]

S. BANERJEE, Dy. Secy.

MINISTRY OF FINANCE

(Department of Expenditure)

New Delhi, the 4th March 1959

G.S.R. 301.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the proviso to article 309 and clause (5) of article 148 of the Constitution, the President after consultation with the Comptroller and Auditor General of India in relation to persons serving in the Indian Audit & Accounts Department hereby directs that the following further amendments shall be made in the Civil Service Regulations, namely:—

In the said Regulations, for clause (a) of Article 193, the following shall be substituted, namely:—

(a) (1) An officer under suspension shall be entitled to the following payments, namely:—

- (A) A subsistence allowance at an amount equal to the leave salary which the Government servant would have drawn if he had been on furlough on half average salary or leave on half pay and in addition dearness allowance based on such leave salary.

Provided that where the period of suspension exceeds twelve months, the authority which made or is deemed to have made the order of suspension shall be competent to vary the amount of subsistence

allowance for any period subsequent to the period of the first twelve months as follows:—

- (i) The amount of subsistence allowance may be increased by a suitable amount, not exceeding 50 per cent of the subsistence allowance admissible during the period of the first twelve months, if, in the opinion of the said authority, the period of suspension has been prolonged for reasons to be recorded in writing, not directly attributable to the Government servant;
- (ii) The amount of subsistence allowance may be reduced by a suitable amount, not exceeding 50 per cent of the subsistence allowance admissible during the period of the first twelve months, if in the opinion of the said authority, the period of suspension has been prolonged due to reasons, to be recorded in writing, directly attributable to the Government servant;
- (iii) The rate of dearness allowance will be based on the increased or as the case may be, the decreased amount of subsistence allowance admissible under sub-clauses (i) & (ii) above;
- (B) Other compensatory allowances, if any, of which the Government servant was in receipt on the date of suspension:

Provided that the Government servant shall not be entitled to the compensatory allowances unless the said authority is satisfied that the Government servant continues to meet the expenditure for which they are granted.

(2) No payment under sub-clause (i) shall be made unless the Government servant furnishes a Certificate, and the authority which made or is deemed to have made the order of suspension is satisfied, that the Government servant is not engaged in any other employment, business, profession or vocation.

[No. F. 19(4)-Est. IV/53.]

DEVI DIYAL BHATIA, Dy. Secy.

(Department of Revenue)

CENTRAL EXCISES

New Delhi, the 14th March 1959

G.S.R. 302.—In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 12-A of the Central Excise Rules, 1944, as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, the Central Government hereby makes the following further amendments in the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Finance (Department of Revenue) No. 62/58-Central Excises, dated the 21st June 1958, namely:—

In the said notification,

(1) in column 3 of the Table annexed thereto, against Serial No. 1-Sugar, after entry (v), the following entries shall be inserted, namely :—

	Rs. per cwt. of such goods.
“(vi) Lime juice Cordial containing not less than 40 per cent of sugar by weight	5.50
(vii) Lemon Barley containing not less than 43.39 per cent of sugar by weight.	5.95
(viii) Fruit Cordials other than Lime Juice Cordial containing not less than 30 per cent of sugar by weight	4.10
(ix) Barley waters other than Lemon Barley containing not less than 40 per cent of sugar by weight	5.50
(x) Fruit crushes containing not less than 55 per cent of sugar by weight	7.60
(xi) Marmalades containing not less than 60 per cent of sugar by weight	8.25
(xii) Candied and crystallised or glacé fruit and peel containing not less than 70 per cent of sugar by weight	9.65”

(2) in the Schedule of Form A, for the heading "List of the Products manufactured" and entries thereunder, the following shall be substituted, namely:—

*"*List of the goods manufactured"*

Sl. No.	Description of the goods	Description and size of packing used	Weight per unit of goods packed		Manufacturing formula showing the quantity of excisable materials used per unit of the goods
			Gross	Nett	
1	2	3	4	5	6

Place
Date

Signature(s) of the manufacturer(s)

To be submitted to the Collector in triplicate.;

(3) in Form B, for item (iii) (b), the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"(b) Quantity—

Gross

Nett."

[No. 32/59.]

S. K. BHATTACHARJEE, Dy. Secy.

(Department of Revenue)

CUSTOMS AND CENTRAL EXCISES

New Delhi, the 14th March 1959

G.S.R. 303.—The following draft of a further amendment to the Customs and Central Excise Duties Refund (Brand Rates) Rules, 1958, which the Central Government proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of section 43B of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878) and section 37 of the Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944 (1 of 1944), as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, is published as required by the said sub-section (3) of the said section 43B for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby; and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 20th April, 1959.

2. Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the said draft before the date so specified will be considered by the Central Government.

Draft Amendment

In the said rules, in the First Schedule after item 18 and the entry relating thereto, the following shall be inserted, namely:—

"19. Diesel engines."

[No. 16/F. No. 34/34/59.Cus-IV.]

G.S.R. 304.—The following draft of a further amendment to the Customs and Central Excise Duties Refund (Brand Rates) Rules, 1958, which the Central Government proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of section 43B of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878) and section 37 of the Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944 (1 of 1944), as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, is published as required by the said sub-section (3) of the said section 43B for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby, and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 26th March, 1959

2 Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the said draft before the date so specified will be considered by the Central Government

Draft Amendment

In the said rules, in the First Schedule after item 17 and the entry relating thereto, the following shall be inserted, namely —

“18 Textile Machinery ”

[No 17/F No 34/20/59.Cus-IV.]

CUSTOMS

New Delhi, the 14th March 1959

G.S.R. 305.—The following draft of a further amendment in the Customs Duties Drawback (Fixed Rates) Rules, 1958, which the Central Government proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of section 43B of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878), as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, is published as required by the said sub-section (3) of the said section for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby, and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 20th April, 1959

Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the said draft before the date so specified will be considered by the Central Government

Draft Amendment

In the First Schedule to the said Rules, for the existing item 6 and the entries relating thereto, the following shall be substituted, namely:—

“6 Jute manufactures—

(i) hessian—One rupee and seventy naye paise per ton

(ii) Sacking—Two rupees and fifty five naye paise per ton;

Provided that no drawback shall be admissible on fractions of a ton of hessian or sacking forming part of a shipment”

[No 43/F No 34/39/59 Cus-IV]

G.S.R. 306.—The following draft of certain rules which the Central Government proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by section 43B of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878), as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, is published as required by sub section (3) of that section for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby; and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 20th April, 1959

Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the said draft before the date so specified will be considered by the Central Government

DRAFT RULES

1 **Short title.**—These rules may be called the Customs Duties Drawback (Polo Sticks) Rules, 1958.

2 **Definitions.**—In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires,—

(a) “Act” means the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878);

- (b) "Chief Customs Officer" means the Chief Customs Officer of the port at which a registered manufacturer imports the imported material for the manufacture of the goods;
- (c) "goods" means polo sticks which are manufactured in India or the State of Pondicherry by a registered manufacturer, and in the manufacture of which imported material has been used;
- (d) "imported material" means polo canes, other than those produced in Burma or Pakistan, which are imported by a manufacturer into India or the State of Pondicherry on payment of customs duty;
- (e) "registered manufacturer" means a manufacturer of goods registered under rule 4.

3. Goods in respect of which drawback may be paid.—Subject to the provision of the Act and these rules, a drawback shall be allowed in respect of the imported material used in the manufacture of the goods exported from India or the State of Pondicherry.

4. Registration of manufacturers.—(1) A manufacturer of goods desirous of claiming drawback under these rules on their export, shall make an application for registration as a registered manufacturer, to the Chief Customs Officer, furnishing full particulars of the polo canes imported by him since the first day of July, 1958.

(2) The Chief Customs Officer may, if he is satisfied that the provisions of these rules have been complied with, register the applicant as a registered manufacturer under, and for the purposes of, these rules.

(3) The Customs Collector may require every registered manufacturer to have particulars of all his imports of polo canes entered in a register specially maintained in the Custom House for this purpose.

5. Rate of drawback.—The rate of drawback admissible under these rules on the shipment of the goods shall be rupees forty-six per one hundred polo sticks.

6. Conditions for drawback.—Drawback shall be allowed on the shipment of the goods from any port in India or the State of Pondicherry subject to the following conditions, namely:—

- (1) that the exporter shall, on the shipping bill, declare that a claim for drawback under section 43B of the Act is being made;
- (2) that the exporter shall furnish the Customs Collector with a copy of the shipment invoice or any other document giving details of the description, quantity and value of the goods shipped;
- (3) that the exporter,—
 - (i) if he is himself the registered manufacturer, shall state the particulars of his registration, on the shipping bill;
 - (ii) if he be a person other than the registered manufacturer, shall produce before the Customs Collector at the time of shipment of the goods, a declaration from the registered manufacturer to the effect that the goods have been manufactured by him and also such other proof as the Customs Collector may require to satisfy himself that the goods have been so manufactured; and
- (4) that the manufacturer of goods has, prior to the shipment of the goods registered himself as a registered manufacturer and, has, since the first day of October, 1958, imported polo canes and that drawback in respect of polo canes is not claimed by the registered manufacturer, including an exporter of his goods, after the coming into force of these rules, in respect of polo canes in excess of the number imported by him since the first day of October, 1958.

7. Powers of Customs Collector.—Whenever the Customs Collector considers necessary, the manufacturer shall give access at all reasonable times, to any officer of the Central Government specially authorised in this behalf by the Customs Collector, to every part of the premises in which the goods are manufactured, and to the premises in which the manufacturing accounts are kept, so as to enable the officer so authorised to verify by inspection of the process of, and the materials used for, the manufacture of such goods, and also by scrutiny of the manufacturing accounts, the admissibility of the goods for drawback, or for a particular rate of drawback, under these rules.

G.S.R. 307.—The following draft of a further amendment in the Customs Duties Drawback (Brand Rates) Rules, 1958, which the Central Government proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of section 43B of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878), as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, is published as required by the said sub-section (3) of the said section, for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby; and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 20th April, 1959.

Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the said draft before the date so specified will be considered by the Central Government.

Draft Amendment

In the said rules, the entry against Serial No. 8 of the First Schedule shall be deleted.

[No. 45/F. No. 34/34/59.Cus-IV.]

M. A. RANGASWAMY, Dy. Secy.

MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY

New Delhi, the 10th March 1959

G.S.R. 308.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 25 of the Rubber Act, 1947 (24 of 1947), the Central Government hereby makes the following further amendments in the Rubber Rules, 1955, namely:

In the said rules, after rule 46, the following rule shall be added namely:—

“47. *Powers and duties of the Commissioner.*—The Commissioner shall be the Director of the Rubber Research Institute and Experiment Station. Besides advising the Chairman in technical matters and exercising powers that may be delegated to him by the Chairman, he shall undertake or encourage, cause to be undertaken or encouraged, scientific, technological or economic research, and training of students in any improved methods of planting, cultivation, manuring, spraying etc., and also make technical advice available to the rubber growers”.

[No. F.21(12)Plant(B)/58.]

A. J. KIDWAI, Dy. Secy.

MINISTRY OF FOOD AND AGRICULTURE

(Department of Food)

ORDER

New Delhi, the 10th March 1959

G.S.R. 309.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Essential Commodities Act, 1955 (10 of 1955), the Central Government hereby directs that the powers conferred on it by sub-section (1) of section 3 of the said Act to make orders to provide for the matters specified in clauses (d), (h), (i) and (j), except in regard to regulation of transport specified in clause (d), of sub-section (2) of the said section 3, in relation to stocks of foodstuffs held in the State of Uttar Pradesh shall be exercisable also by the Regional Food Controllers in that State within their respective jurisdiction.

[No. 203(UP)(1)/280/59-PY.II]

G.S.R. 310.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Essential Commodities Act, 1955 (10 of 1955), the Central Government hereby directs that the powers conferred on it by sub-section (1) of section 3 of the said Act to make orders to provide for the matters specified in clauses (h), (i) and (j) of sub-section (2) of the said section 3 in relation to stocks of foodstuffs held in the

State of Uttar Pradesh shall be exercisable also by the officers of that State mentioned below within their respective jurisdiction, namely:—

1. District Magistrates.
2. Sub-Divisional Magistrates.
3. Tahsildars.
4. Regional Marketing Officers.
5. Deputy Regional Marketing Officers.
6. Assistant Regional Food Controllers.
7. District Supply Officers.
8. Senior Marketing Inspectors.
9. Marketing Inspectors.
10. Provincial Marketing Officers (Foodgrains).

[No. 203 (UP) (1) 281/59-PY.II.]

S. N. BHALLA, Dy. Secy.

(Department of Agriculture)

(Indian Council of Agricultural Research)

New Delhi, the 23rd January 1959

G.S.R. 311.—The following amendment to the Indian Central Cotton Committee's Provident Fund Rules, which, with the previous sanction of the Government, the Committee has made in exercise of the powers conferred by Section 16 of the Indian Cotton Cess Act, 1923, is hereby published as required under Section 17 of the said Act, namely:—

The following Clause (iv) shall be added to Rule 16(a) of the said Rules, namely,

(iv) to pay legal expenses incurred by the subscriber subject to the following conditions:—

- (1) The amount of the advance in any particular case will not exceed three months' pay or Rs. 500 whichever is greater, provided that in no case will the amount exceed half the amount at the credit of the subscriber.
- (2) The advance will be admissible both where the subscriber takes recourse to legal proceedings to vindicate his position in regard to any allegations made against him in respect of any acts done or purporting to be done by him in the discharge of his official duties and also where he is prosecuted in the court of law by the Committee in respect of any alleged official misconduct. In the former type of cases the advance will be available in addition to any advance admissible for the same purpose from any other Government source.
- (3) No advance will be admissible where a subscriber takes recourse to a court of law in respect of any incidents unconnected with his position as a Committee servant, or where a Committee servant may sue the Committee in respect of any service grievances of his or against the imposition of any penalty on him.

[No. 1-19/56-Com.II.]

AJUDHIA PRASADA, Under Secy.

MINISTRY OF TRANSPORT AND COMMUNICATIONS**(Department of Transport)****(Transport Wing)***New Delhi, the 17th February 1959*

G.S.R. 312.—In exercise of the powers conferred by proviso to Article 309 of the Constitution, the President hereby makes the following rules regulating the methods of recruitment to class III and class IV posts in the Seamen's Welfare Offices, Bombay and Calcutta, namely;

1. **Short title.**—These rules may be called the Seamen's Welfare Offices (Non-gazetted staff) Recruitment Rules, 1959.

2. **Application.**—They shall apply to the recruitment to the posts specified in Column 1 of the Schedule to these rules.

3. **Method of recruitment, etc.**—The method of recruitment to the posts aforesaid and other matters relating hereto shall be as specified in the said Schedule.

Name of post	No. of posts	Classification whether gazetted or non-gazetted, whether Ministerial or non-Ministerial	Scale of pay	Wether selection or non-selection post (for promotion posts only)	Method of rectt. whether by direct rectt. or by promotion or transfer & percentage of the vacancies to be filled by various methods.
1	2	3	4	5	6
1. Accountant	(Two) one at Bombay and one at Calcutta.	Class III non-gazetted (Ministerial)	Rs. 160 10-250	Selection	100% by promotion, failing which by transfer, failing which by direct recruitment.
2. Upper Division Clerk.	Do.	Do.	Rs. 80-5 120 E.B-8-200 10/2-220	Do.	50% by direct recruitment and 50% by promotion, failing which by transfer.
3. Lower Division Clerk	(Six) three at Bombay, and three at Calcutta.	Do.	Rs. 60-3-81 EB-4-125-5-130.	Does not arise	By direct failing transfer. recruitment which by

For direct rectt: only			Whether age and education- al qualificati- ons perscribed for direct rectt: will apply in the case of pro- motees.	In case of rectt: by promotion/ transfer grades from which pro- motion/ transfer to be made.	Circums- tances in which Un- ion Public Service Commis- sion is to be consulted in mak- ing re- cruitment.
Age limit	Educational and other qualifica- tions required.	Period of probation trial, if any.			
7	8	9	10	11	12
18-25	Degree of a re- cognised Uni- versity, preferen- ce being given to persons with knowledge of accounts.	Six months	Age and educa- tional qua- lifications pre- scribed for direct recruit - ment will not be insisted upon in the case of promotees.	Promotions will be restricted to per- manent and quasi- permanent Up- per Division Cle- rks only. If, however, perman- ent and quasi- permanent Upper Division Clerks are not available, temporary Upper Division Clerks who are other- wise eligible may also be considered for appointment.	N. A.
Do.	Degree of a re- cognised Uni- versity prefera- bly with some experience in an office.	Do.	Do.	Promotions will be restricted to permanent and quasi - permanent Lower Division Clerks only. If however, perman- ent and quasi- permanent Lower Division Clerks are not available, temporary Lower Division Clerks who are otherwise eligible may also be considered for appointment.	N. A..
Do.	Matriculations or its/equivalent qualifications. 30 words per mi- nutes sped in type writing.	Do.	N. A.

1	2	3	4	5	6
4. Peon	(Six) three at Bombay and three at Calcutta.	Class IV non- gazetted (Non- Ministerial,	Rs. 30- $\frac{1}{2}$ + 35	Does. not arise	By direct recruit ment failing which by transfer

7	8	9	10	11	12
18-25	Middle School standard pass subject to any relaxation pre- scribed by the Government.	Six months			N A

NOTE → (i) The Upper age limit specified in the rules shall be subject to the usual relaxations prescribed by the Government of India for persons belonging to Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes, Displaced persons, Retrenched and Demobilised personnel and other exempted categories in accordance with the orders issued from time to time.

(ii) The age limit may in appropriate cases be relaxed by the Director General of Shipping, Bombay.

(iii) No male candidate who has more than one wife living and no female candidate who has married a person having already a wife living shall be eligible for appointment to any post under these rules unless Government specially exempt such a candidate from the operation of this rule

[No. F. 6-MT(53)/58.]

S. K. VENKATACHALAM, *Deputy Secy.*

(Department of Communications)

New Delhi, the 6th March 1959

G.S.R. 313—In exercise of the powers conferred by the proviso to Article 309 of the Constitution the President hereby makes the following rules for recruitment to the General Central Service, Class I post of Assistant Director-General (Welfare), in the Posts and Telegraphs Department.

1. **Short Title.**—These rules may be called the Posts and Telegraphs [Assistant Director General (Welfare)] Recruitment Rules, 1959.

2. **Scale of Pay.**—The scale of pay attached to the said post shall be as specified in column 2 of the Schedule to these rules.

3. **Method of Recruitment.**—Recruitment to the said post and the age limit and other qualifications for recruitment shall be as specified in columns 4 to 6 of the Schedule aforesaid.

THE SCHEDULE

Sl. No.	Name of the post] with scale of pay]	Method of recruit- ment	Age limit	Qualifications required	Period of Probation, if any
1	2	3	4	5	6
				Essential:	
1	Assistant Director-General (Welfare) Rs. 600-40-1,000- 1,050-1,050-1,100- 1,150 plus special pay of Rs. 100 p.m.	By direct] recruit- ment	Below Forty years.	(i) Must be graduate of a recognised University. (ii) Must have about 5 years experience of labour wel- fare work in a responsible capacity in organisations employing substantial La- bour force. (iii) Must have training in social work at a recognised institute culminating in the grant of a recognised diploma or degree. Qualifications relaxable in case of candidates other- wise well qualified.	One year.
				Desirable: A degree in one of the Social Sciences.	

[No. 41/25/58-SPA].

(Posts and Telegraphs)

New Delhi, the 9th March 1959

G.S.R. 314.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian Post Office Act, 1898 (6 of 1898), the Central Government hereby directs that with effect from the 1st April, 1959, the following further amendment shall be made in the Indian Post Office Rules, 1933, namely:—

In the said rules, for rule 85, the following rule shall be substituted, namely:—

“85. In addition to the postage and, in the case of letters and boxes, the registration fee, the following further fees shall be charged for insurance:—

For insurance of all postal articles to Ceylon and Pakistan and of letters and boxes to Portuguese India.

Where the value insured does not exceed Rs. 100 ... 37 naye paise

For every additional Rs. 100 or fraction thereof ... 20 naye paise

For insurance of parcels to Portuguese India and of all postal articles to foreign countries other than those mentioned above.

Where the value insured does not exceed Rs. 320 . 80 naye paise

For every additional F. 320 or fraction thereof . 80 naye paise

[No. 1-7/58-R.]

K. K. SARAN, Dy. Secy.

MINISTRY OF WORKS, HOUSING AND SUPPLY

(Central Boilers Board)

New Delhi, the 9th March 1959

G.S.R. 315.—The following draft of a further amendment to the Indian Boiler Regulations, 1950, which the Central Boilers Board proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by section 28 of the Indian Boilers Act, 1923 (5 of 1923), is published as required by sub-section (1) of section 31 of the said Act, for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby; and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 31st May, 1959.

Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the said draft before the date so specified will be considered by the Central Boilers Board. Such objections or suggestions should be addressed to the Secretary, Central Boilers Board, Ministry of Works, Housing and Supply, North Block New Delhi.

Draft Amendment

In the said Regulations,—

In sub-clause (ii) of clause (c) of regulation 4, the following note shall be inserted at the end namely:—

“NOTE.—The Chief Inspector may, however, approve a modified form of certificate wherein items which do not pertain to a particular boiler may be omitted”.

[No. S&P. II/BL-304(21)/54.]

G.S.R. 316.—In pursuance of clause (g) of Regulation 2 of the Indian Boiler Regulations, 1950, the Central Boilers Board hereby recognise “INSPEKTA, Corporation for Superintending of Export and Import Goods, Prague, Czechoslovakia” as an authority competent to grant a certificate in Form II annexed to the said Regulations.

[No. S&P. II/BL-21(8)/57.]

M. N. KALE, Secy.

MINISTRY OF RAILWAYS

(Railway Board)

New Delhi, the 3rd March 1959

G.S.R. 317.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 47 of the Indian Railways Act, 1850 (9 of 1850), read with the notification of the Government of India in the late Department of Commerce and Industry No. 801, dated the 24th March, 1905, the Railway Board hereby makes the following amendment in the General Rules for all open lines of railways in India administered by the Government, published with the notification of the Government of India in the late Railway Department (Railway Board), No. 1078-T, dated the 9th March, 1929, namely:—

To rule 121 of Chapter III of part I of the said rules, the following note shall be added, namely:—

“NOTE.—The term ‘brake van lamp’ includes ‘tail lamp’.”

[No. 58-TT/V/29/31.]

R. E. de Sa, Secy.

MINISTRY OF COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT AND COOPERATION

(Department of Cooperation)

New Delhi, the 3rd March 1959

G.S.R. 318.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 10 of the Agricultural Produce (Development and Warehousing) Corporations Act, 1956 (28 of 1956), the Central Government, having nominated the Joint Secretary (CI and FA), Ministry of Finance (Department of Expenditure), Government of India, as a member of the Executive Committee of the National Cooperative Development and Warehousing Board, hereby makes the following amendment in the notification of the Government of India in the late Ministry of Agriculture No. F. 8-4/56-Coop. I, dated the 1st November, 1956, namely:—

In the said notification, for the entry against item (3), the following shall be substituted, namely:—

“Joint Secretary (CI and FA), Ministry of Finance (Department of Expenditure), Government of India”.

[No. F. 11-38/58-Coop.-I.]

G.S.R. 319.—In pursuance of section 21 of the Agricultural Produce (Development and Warehousing) Corporations Act, 1956 (28 of 1956), the Central Government, having nominated the Joint Secretary (CI and FA) Ministry of Finance (Department of Expenditure), Government of India, as a director of the board of directors of the Central Warehousing Corporation, hereby makes the following amendment in the notification of the Government of India in the late Ministry of Agriculture No. F. 18-16/56-Coop. (Programme), dated the 26th February, 1957 namely:—

In the said notification for the entry against item 3, the following shall be substituted, namely:—

“Joint Secretary (CI and FA), Ministry of Finance (Department of Expenditure), Government of India”.

[No. F. 11-38/58-Coop. I.]

G.S.R. 320.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Agricultural Produce (Development and Warehousing) Corporations Act, 1956 (28 of 1956), the Central Government, having nominated the Joint Secretary (CI and FA), Ministry of Finance (Department of Expenditure), Government of India, as a member of the National Cooperative Development and Warehousing Board, hereby makes the following amendment in the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Food and Agriculture No. F. 8-1/56-Coop. I, dated the 31st August, 1956, namely:—

In the said notification, for the entry against item 5, the following shall be substituted, namely:—

“Joint Secretary (CI and FA), Ministry of Finance (Department of Expenditure), Government of India”.

[No. F. 11-38/58-Coop. I.]

R. VENGU, Under Secy.

The Gazette of India



PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

No. 12] NEW DELHI, SATURDAY, MARCH 21, 1959/PHALGUNA 30, 1880

NOTICE

The undermentioned Gazettes of India Extraordinary were published upto the 13th March 1959 :—

Issue No.	No. and date	Issued by	Subject
34	G.S.R. 286, dated 6th March, 1959.	Ministry of Finance	Fixation of rates per shift per warp knitting machine employed by or on behalf of the same person in the manufacture of rayon or artificial silk.
	G.S.R. 287, dated 6th March, 1959.	Do.	Fixation of rates of additional excise duty per shift per warp knitting machine employed by or on behalf of the same person in the manufacture of rayon or artificial silk.
35	G.S.R. 288, dated 6th March, 1959.	Ministry of Food and Agriculture	Further amendments in the Uttar Pradesh Paddy (Restriction on Movement) Order 1958.
36	G.S.R. 289, dated 9th March, 1959.	Do.	Direction that the price at which wheat shall be sold in any locality in the State of Rajasthan, shall be regulated in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (3A) of section 3 of the Essential Commodities Act, 1955.
37	G.S.R. 290, dated 9th March, 1959.	Do.	Amendment to G.S.R. 201, dated 16th February, 1959.
38	G.S.R. 291, dated 9th March, 1959.	Do.	The Rice and Paddy (Kerala) Price Control Order, 1959.
39	G.S.R. 292, dated 10th March, 1959.	Do.	The Uttar Pradesh Foodgrains (Restrictions on Border Movement) Order, 1959.
40	G.S.R. 321, dated 11th March, 1959.	Ministry of Finance	Prohibition against bringing by sea or by land into India or Pondicherry state, of any copy of the book styled "The Heart of India".

Issue No.	No. and date	Issued by	Subject
41	G.S.R. 322, dated 13th March, 1959.	Ministry of Finance	Rescinds notification No. 169-Customs, dated 27th July, 1957.

Copies of the Gazettes Extraordinary mentioned above will be supplied on indent to the Manager of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi. Indents should be submitted so as to reach the Manager within ten days of the date of issue of these Gazettes.

PART II—Section 3—Sub-section (i)

General Statutory Rules (including orders, bye-laws etc. of a general character) issued by the Ministries of the Government of India (other than the Ministry of Defence) and by Central Authorities (other than the Administrations of Union Territories).

MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS

New Delhi, the 21st March 1959

G.S.R. 323—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section 1 of the Public Employment (Requirement as to Residence) Act, 1957, 44 of 1957, the Central Government hereby appoints the 21st March, 1959 as the date on which the said Act shall come into force.

[No. 40/1/58-Ests(A)-I.]

G.S.R. 324—In exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (a) and (c) of sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Public Employment (Requirement as to Residence) Act, 1957, (44 of 1957), the Central Government hereby makes the following rules, namely:—

THE ANDHRA PRADESH PUBLIC EMPLOYMENT (REQUIREMENT AS TO RESIDENCE) RULES, 1959

1. **Short title.**—These rules may be called the Andhra Pradesh Public Employment (Requirement as to Residence) Rules, 1959.

2. **Definitions.**—In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires—

- 'appointing authority' in relation to any post means an authority empowered for the time being to make appointments to that post;
- 'appointment' includes a permanent, quasi-permanent or temporary appointment but does not include an appointment of a casual nature;
- 'post' means a post specified in the First Schedule;
- 'prescribed date' in relation to a post means the last date fixed for making applications for appointment to that post;
- 'Schedule' means a Schedule to these rules.

3. **Requirement as to residence prior to appointment.**—A person shall not be eligible for appointment to a post within the Telangana area under the State Government of Andhra Pradesh or to a post under a local authority (other than a cantonment board) in the said area unless—

- he has been continuously residing within the said area for a period of not less than fifteen years immediately preceding the prescribed date; and
- he produces before the appointing authority concerned, if so required by it, a certificate of eligibility granted under these rules:

Provided that in relation to posts in the Secretariat Departments and the Offices of the Heads of Departments of the State Government of Andhra Pradesh situated in the cities of Hyderabad and Secunderabad, the requirements as to residence laid down in this rule shall apply to the filling of only the second vacancy in every unit of three vacancies which are to be filled by direct recruitment:

Provided further that any period of temporary absence from the Telangana area for the purpose of prosecuting his studies or for undergoing medical treatment or any period of such temporary absence not exceeding three months for any other reason shall not be deemed to constitute a break in the continuity of such residence, but for the purpose of calculating the said period of fifteen years any such period of temporary absence shall be excluded.

4. Eligibility certificate.—(1) Any person desiring to obtain a certificate of eligibility under these rules may make an application to the authority specified in this behalf by the State Government (hereinafter referred to as the specified authority).

(2) Before granting such certificate, the specified authority may make such summary enquiry in respect of the application as it considers necessary.

(3) A certificate of eligibility granted under this rule shall be in the form prescribed in the Second Schedule.

(4) If the specified authority is satisfied either on a reference made to it in this behalf or otherwise that a certificate of eligibility has been obtained by misrepresentation as to any material fact or by fraud, that authority may, after giving an opportunity to the person concerned to be heard, and without prejudice to any other proceedings which may be taken against him, revoke the said certificate.

(5) Any person aggrieved by the decision of the specified authority refusing to grant him a certificate of eligibility or revoking the certificate of eligibility granted to him may, within thirty days from the date of communication to him of such decision, appeal to the State Government or to such authority as the State Government may specify in this behalf.

(6) The decision of the State Government or such authority where an appeal has been preferred to it or of the authority referred to in sub-rule (1) where no such appeal has been preferred, shall be final.

(7) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-rule (6), any person who has been refused a certificate of eligibility or whose certificate of eligibility has been revoked under this rule may make a fresh application for the grant of such certificate if he fulfils the requirements as to residence laid down in rule 3.

5. Relaxation of rule 3.—(1) The State Government may, in exceptional cases and for reasons to be recorded in writing, relax the provisions of rule 3.

(2) A quarterly statement of all cases of relaxations shall be published by the Government of Andhra Pradesh in the Official Gazette of the State in the form prescribed in the Third Schedule and a copy of every such statement shall be forwarded to the Central Government.

THE FIRST SCHEDULE

(See rules 2 and 3)

Posts

(a) any post (whether included in the cadre of a service or not) within the Telangana area under the State Government of Andhra Pradesh the appointment to which is not notified in the Official Gazette of the Andhra Pradesh State

(b) The post of tehsildar by whatever name designated within the Telangana area, under the control of Andhra Pradesh.

(c) Any post (whether included in the cadre of a service or not) under a local authority (other than a cantonment board) in the Telangana area of the Andhra Pradesh, which carries a scale of pay the minimum of which does not exceed three hundred rupees per mensem or a fixed pay not exceeding that amount.

Explanation.—'Pay' means basic pay plus special pay, if any, sanctioned to a post but does not include various allowances.

THE SECOND SCHEDULE

(See rules 3 and 4)

Serial No. _____

GOVERNMENT OF ANDHRA PRADESH

_____Department.

No. _____

_____, dated the _____

CERTIFICATE OF ELIGIBILITY

In pursuance of rules 3 and 4 of the Andhra Pradesh Public Employment (Requirement as to Residence) Rules, 1959, Shri/Shrimati/Kumari _____ son/wife/ daughter of Shri _____ of (full address) having furnished the necessary proof, is hereby certified to be eligible to hold any post included in the First Schedule to the said Rules.

Seal of the Issuing Authority.

Designation of Issuing Authority.

(Signature or thumb impression
of the person to whom this certificate has been issued).

(valid subject to regulations)

THE THIRD SCHEDULE

[See rule 5(2)]

In pursuance of sub-rule (2) of rule 5 of the Andhra Pradesh Public Employment (Requirement as to Residence) Rules, 1959, it is published for general information that in relaxation of rule 3, the persons specified in column 4 of the table below have been appointed during the quarter ending 19 _____ to the posts specified in column 2 of the said table in the Telangana area of the State of Andhra Pradesh.

TABLE

S.No.	Designation of post	Name of Office	Name of person appointed	Reasons for relaxation of rule 3.
1	2	3	4	5

[No. F. 40/1/58-Ests(A)-II.]

G.S.R. 325. -In exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (b) and (c) of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Public Employment (Requirement as to Residence) Act, 1957 (44 of 1957), the Central Government hereby makes the following rules, namely:—

THE HIMACHAL PRADESH, MANIPUR AND TRIPURA PUBLIC EMPLOYMENT (REQUIREMENT AS TO RESIDENCE), RULES, 1959

1. **Short title.**—These rules may be called the Himachal Pradesh, Manipur and Tripura Public Employment (Requirement as to Residence) Rules, 1959

2. **Definitions.**—In these rules unless the context otherwise requires—

(a) 'Administrator' means the Administrator of the Union Territory of Himachal Pradesh, Manipur or Tripura, as the case may be;